

# **Analyzing Targeted Attacks through “Hiryu” – An IOC Management and Visualization Tool**

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# Agenda

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1. Advanced attacks specifically targeting Japanese organizations
  - APT Campaigns
  - Getting IOC
  - Motivation to Develop a Tool
2. Development of the tool
  - Components
  - Structure
3. Introducing “Hiryu”
  - Web UI
  - Import/Export Data
  - Visualization

# **1. ADVANCED ATTACKS SPECIFICALLY TARGETING JAPANESE ORGANIZATIONS**

# APT Campaign (1)

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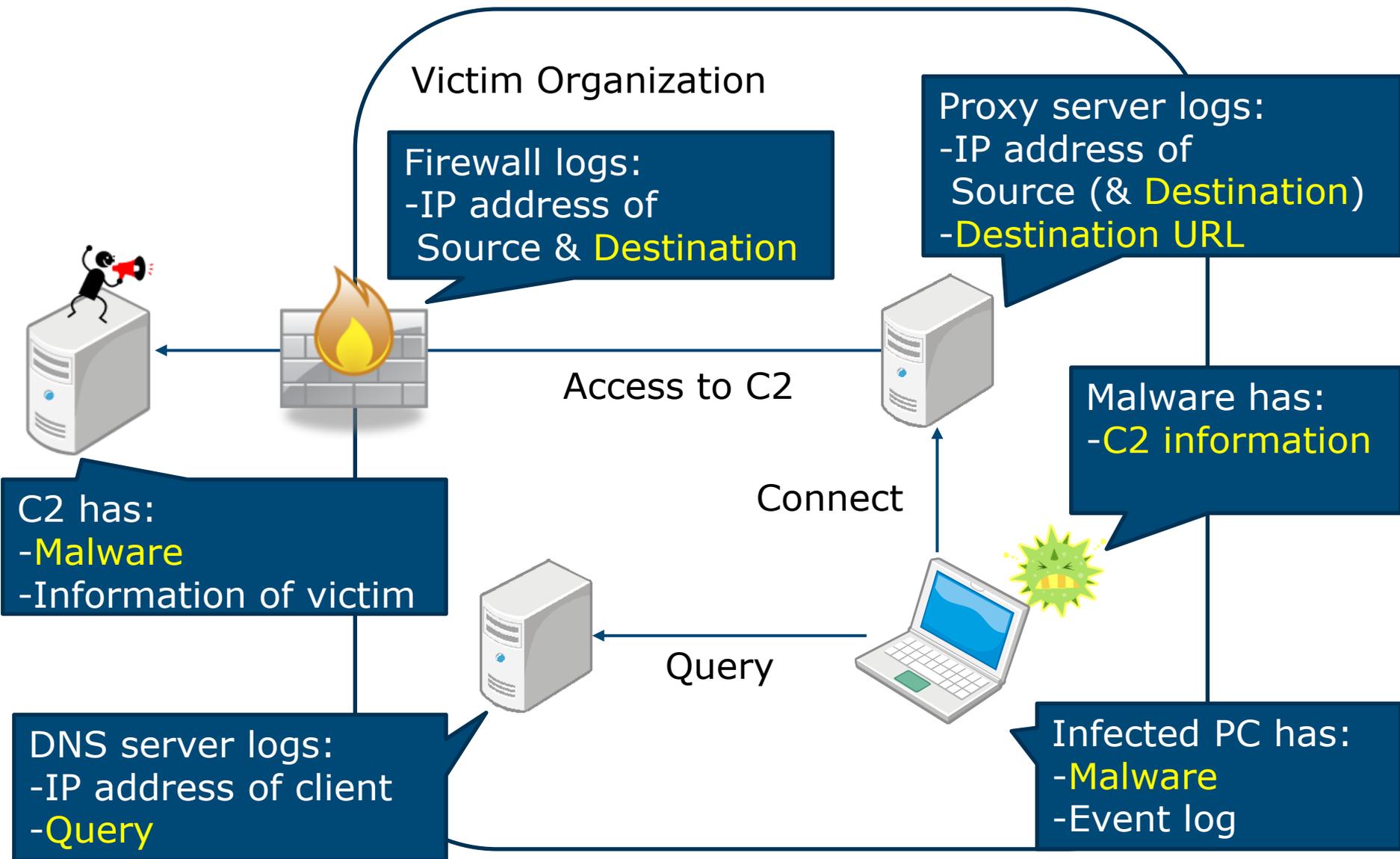
- Cloudy Omega (Symantec) / Blue Termite (Kaspersky)
  - Various targets
    - Government, Defence industry, Energy sector, Think tank, Media...
  - TTP
    - Before intrusion
      - Malware called “Emdivi” used
      - Malware attached emails disguising medical bill notifications
      - Drive-by download attacks
    - After intrusion
      - Steal domain administrator’s account
      - Active directory privilege escalation
        - Kerberos KDC vulnerability (MS14-068)
  - Behavior
    - Gather information from network
    - Exfiltration
      - Using password protected RAR file
      - Domain credentials, sensitive information

# APT Campaign (2)

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- Winnti (Kaspersky) / Axiom (Novetta)
  - Target
    - Online gaming company
    - Pharmaceutical industry
  - TTP
    - Use malware signed by legitimate code signing certificates
    - Register a task to install malware on the server
    - Create a service to activate the malware and execute
  - Behavior
    - Steal code signing certificates
    - Steal information

# Getting IOC



# Motivation to Develop a Tool

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## ■ Organizing information

- What types of malware are used in which attacks
- Correlation among IOCs in different incidents
- Overall picture of attack campaigns

## ■ Collecting public information

- Need to organize IOCs published in blogs/reports by security vendors, as they sometimes link to the incidents
- Need to sort out attack groups and campaigns that are named uniquely by different security vendors

# 2. DEVELOPMENT OF THE TOOL

# Components

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- Django
  - Web application framework
- vis.js
  - Visualization library
- Neo4j (Optional)
  - Graph Database
- Python modules
  - pythonwhois
    - for domain whois
  - ipwhois
    - for ip whois
  - Py2neo
    - Neo4j client library
  - ioc\_writer
    - export IOC as OpenIOC format
  - python-stix
    - export IOC as STIX format

# Neo4j

- Graph DB stores Nodes and Relations
- Using Cypher query language

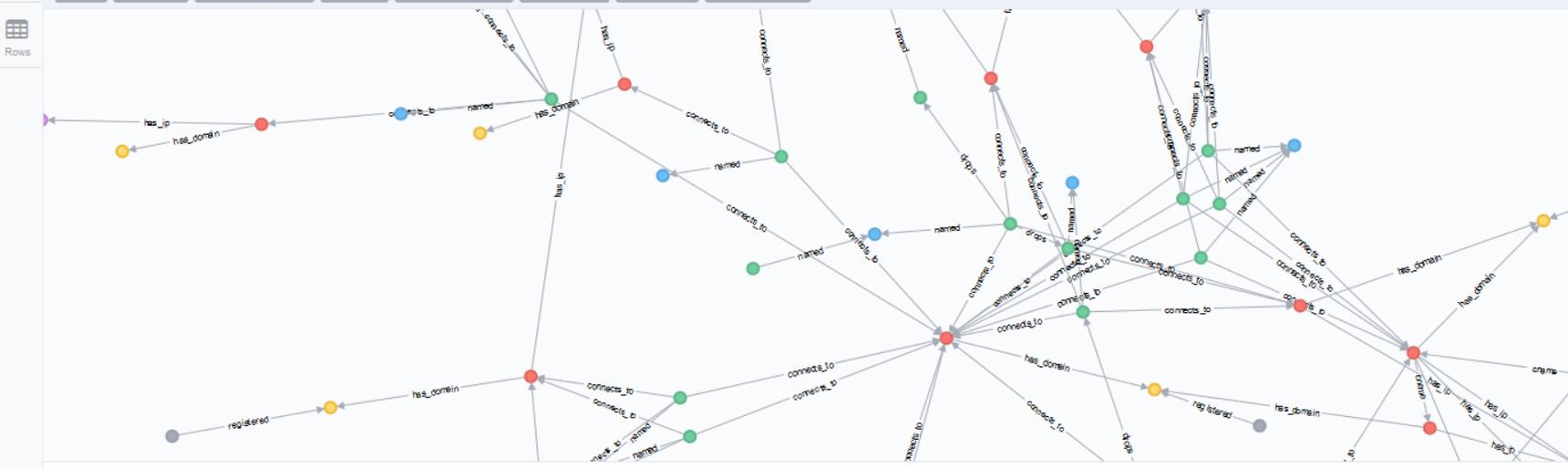
```
1 // Emdivi
2 MATCH (n)
3 WHERE ANY(name in n.cluster where name=~ '.*Emdivi.*')
4 return n
```

```
$ MATCH (n) WHERE ANY(name in n.cluster where name=~ '.*Emdivi.*') return n
```

Graph

\*(245) Domain(49) File(23) Host(57) IP(38) Malware(36) Organization(19) Registrant(23)

\*(291) cname(2) connects\_to(65) drops(5) has\_domain(57) has\_ip(100) named(29) registered(33)



Displaying 245 nodes, 291 relationships (completed with 291 additional relationships).

AUTO-COMPLETE

# Structure (1)

## ■ Node

— Components include

- Host name
- Domain name
- IP address
- Organization
- Malware (hash)
- File name

...

## ■ Relation

— Relation of Nodes

- Host name tied to IP address
- Organization tied to IP address
- Host name tied to domain name
- Malware connecting to IP address

...

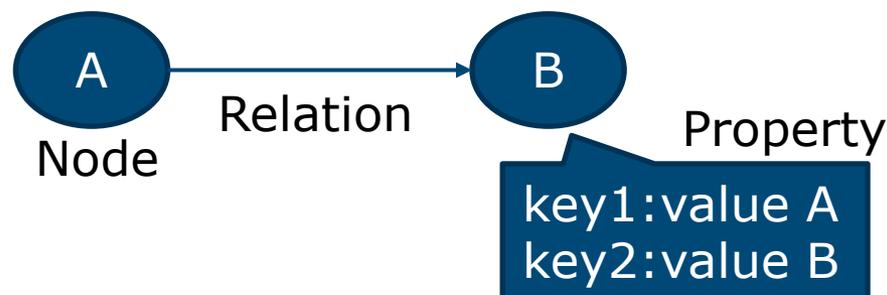
■ Multiple Properties can be registered to Nodes/Relations

## ■ Property

— Combination of an arbitrary key and value

■ e.g. Property of malware

- md5:...
- sha1:...
- sha256:...
- type: HTTP bot



# Structure (2)

## ■ Cluster

— Includes SubClusters

— e.g.

### ■ Campaign name

— APT-x

— Operation X

...

### ■ Data source

## ■ SubCluster

— Include Nodes/Relations

— e.g.

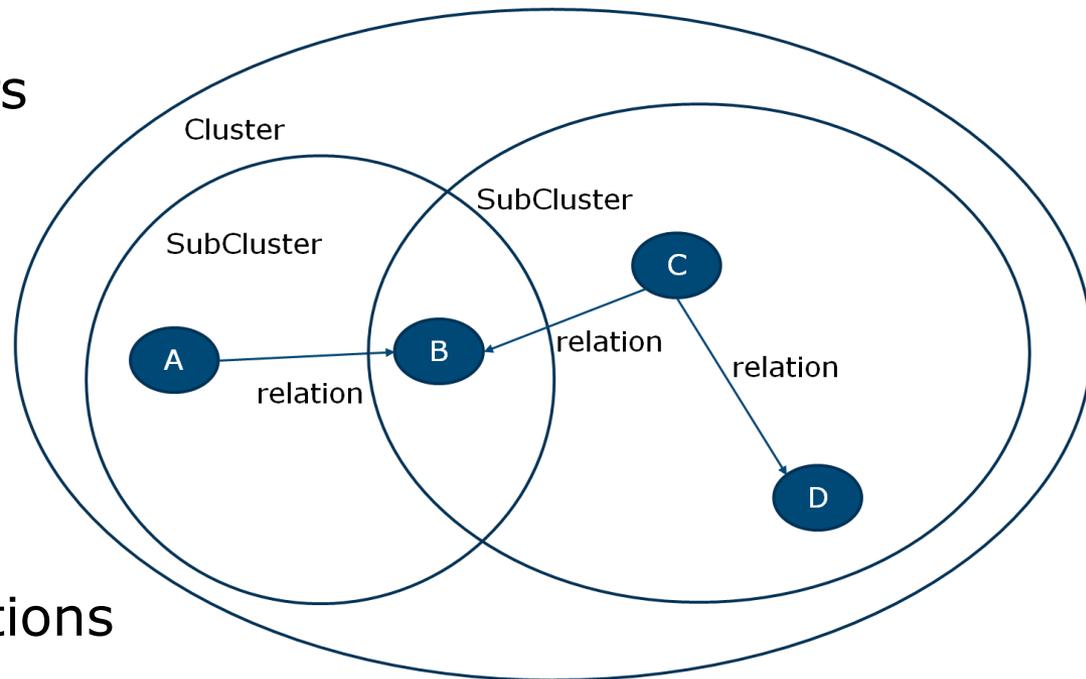
### ■ Incident

— Communication with C2

— Malware attached emails

...

### ■ System's ticket





# 3. INTRODUCING "HIRYU"

# Cluster

Top Cluster SubCluster Schema Graph DB

### Cluster

<b>ID</b>	6	<b>Description</b>	
<b>Name</b>	FireEye	<a href="https://github.com/fireeye/iocs">https://github.com/fireeye/iocs</a>	
<b>Created</b>	Feb. 1, 2016, 10:31 a.m.		
<b>Modified</b>	Feb. 1, 2016, 10:32 a.m.		
<b>First seen</b>	None		
<b>Tag</b>	information_source - security_vendor		

Edit Import/Export Visualize Visualize(mask)

Create SubCluster

SubCluster(6) Node(146) Relation(116)

Show 10 entries Search:

ID	Name	Cluster	Description	Firstseen
116	OPERATION POISONED HANDOVER (BLOGPOST)	FireEye	This IOC contains indicators detailed in the blog post "Operation Poisoned Handover: Unveiling Ties"	2014-11-02T20:25:48Z
115	Operation DeputyDog: Zero-Day (CVE-2013-3893) Attack Against Japanese Targets	Deputy Dog FireEye	<a href="https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2013/09/operation-deputydog-zero-day-cve-2013-3893-atta">https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2013/09/operation-deputydog-zero-day-cve-2013-3893-atta</a>	2013-09-20T15:00:00Z
46	DEMONSTRATING HUSTLE - APT18 (BLOG)	FireEye	This IOC contains indicators detailed in the blog post "Demonstrating Hustle" that can be read here:	2015-07-10T21:24:04Z

# SubCluster(1)

Top Cluster SubCluster Schema ▾ Graph DB

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Subcluster Edit

<b>ID</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>Name</b>	BLACKCOFFEE (FAMILY)	This IOC contains indicators detailed in the whitepaper "Hiding in Plain Sight: FireEye and Microsoft Expose Chinese APT Group's Obfuscation Tactic". The whitepaper can be read here: <a href="https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2015/05/hiding_in_plain_sigh.html">https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2015/05/hiding_in_plain_sigh.html</a> . This IOC contains indicators for the BLACKCOFFEE malware family that is attributed to APT17.
<b>First seen</b>	Oct. 15, 2014, 12:02 p.m.	
<b>Tag</b>		

Create Node/Relation

Visualize

Show

Anonymize

Hide

Large View

Large View(Anonymized)

Use Template

Node(30)

Relation(18)

Cluster(2)

Export ▾

Show 10 entries Search:

ID	Ref	Created	Index	Value	SubCluster/Cluster
<span style="background-color: #0070C0; color: white; padding: 2px;">896</span> <span style="color: red; font-size: 0.8em;">x</span>		2016-02-01T10:35:43.174Z	IP address	175.126.104.175	BLACKCOFFEE (FAMILY) <span style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px;">APT17 FireEye</span>
<span style="background-color: #0070C0; color: white; padding: 2px;">882</span> <span style="color: red; font-size: 0.8em;">x</span>		2016-02-01T10:35:41.635Z	Domain name	wordreference.com	BLACKCOFFEE (FAMILY) <span style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px;">APT17 FireEye</span>
<span style="background-color: #0070C0; color: white; padding: 2px;">861</span> <span style="color: red; font-size: 0.8em;">x</span>		2016-02-01T10:35:39.293Z	Organization description	Georg Krber	BLACKCOFFEE (FAMILY) <span style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 2px;">APT17 FireEye</span>

# SubCluster(2)

Top Cluster SubCluster Schema Graph DB

Subcluster [Edit](#)

<b>ID</b>	44
<b>Name</b>	BLACKCOFFEE (FAMILY)
<b>First seen</b>	Oct. 15, 2014, 12:02 p.m.
<b>Tag</b>	

**Description**

This IOC contains indicators detailed in the whitepaper "Hiding in Plain Sight: FireEye and Microsoft Expose Chinese APT Group's Obfuscation Tactic". The whitepaper can be read here: [https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2015/05/hiding\\_in\\_plain\\_sight.html](https://www.fireeye.com/blog/threat-research/2015/05/hiding_in_plain_sight.html). This IOC contains indicators for the BLACKCOFFEE malware family that is attributed to APT17.

Create Node/Relation

Src Index:

Source Value:

Dst Index:

Destination Value:

Relation Type:

Postprocess:

[Create](#)

[Use Template](#)

Visualize Show Anonymize Hide Large View Large View(Anonymized)

Node(30) Relation(18) Cluster(2) Export

Show 10 entries

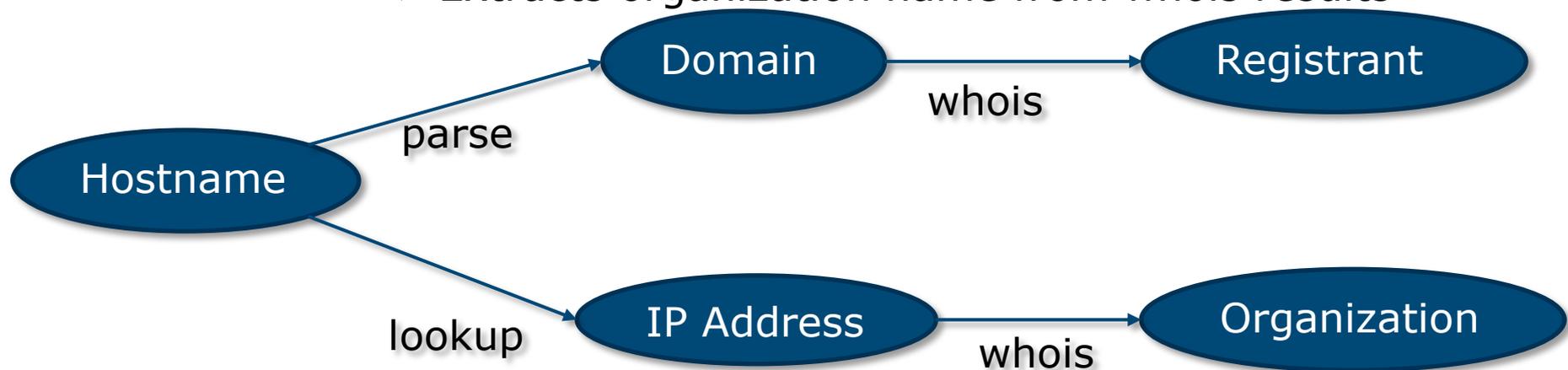
ID	Ref	Created	Index	Value	SubCluster/Cluster
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# Additional Processing of Nodes

## ■ Additional processing is performed when registering a specific type of Node

— Register host name

- Extracts domain names
  - Searches whois for the domain name
    - Extracts registrant's email address from whois results
- DNS lookup for IP address
  - Searches whois for the IP address
    - Extracts organization name from whois results



# Schema

Top Cluster SubCluster Schema Graph DB

## Create Node Index (Label-Key Pair)

Label:

New label:

Property key:

New key:

Icon:

Create

Delete Label

Delete Key

## Create Relation Template

Source:

Destination:

Type:

New type:

Create

Rename Type

Replace Index

Delete Type

Delete Index(Source)

Index(7)

Show 10 entries

Search:

ID	Icon	Label	Key
7		File	name
6		Malware	md5
5		IP	address
4		Domain	name
3		Registrant	email
2		Organization	description
1		Host	name

Showing 1 to 7 of 7 entries

Previous 1 Next

# Import/Export Data

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## ■ CSV

— Able to import/export Node, Relation, Cluster, SubCluster

## ■ Neo4j

— Able to push/pull

— Need to register an Index (a combination of the Node's label and main key) to import data

## ■ OpenIOC

— Need a table of how OpenIOC terms and Index correspond

## ■ STIX

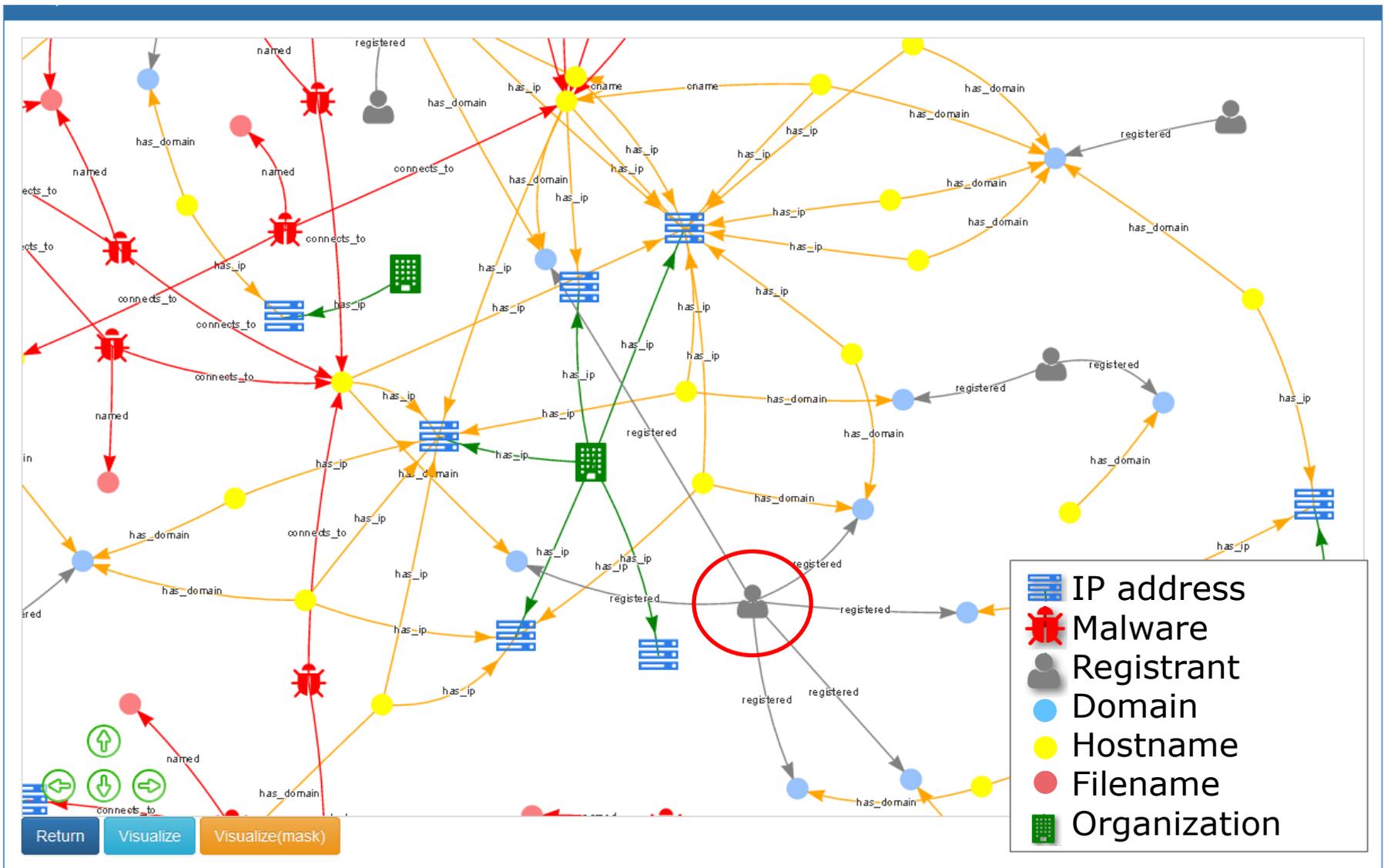
— Able to import/export the following data

■ Host name, Domain name, IP address

# OpenIOC/STIX Correspondence Table

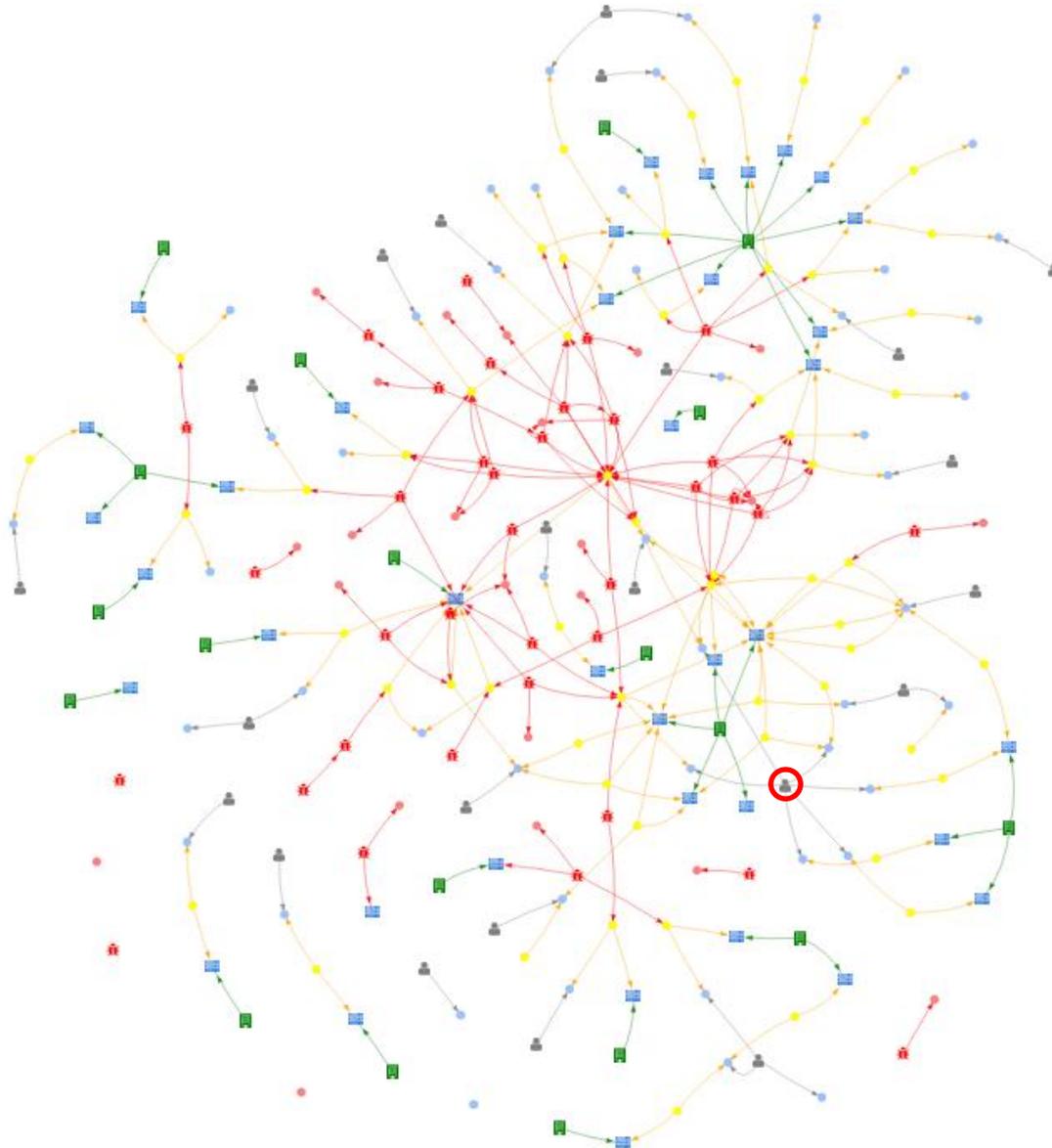
Hiryu		OpenIOC	STIX & CybOX
SubCluster		metadata	report:Header
name		short_description	Title
description		description	Description
Node Index		term	Cybox:Object
Label	Key		
IP	address	PortItem/remoteIP	AddressObj
Host	name	DnsEntryItem/Host	HostnameObj
Domain	name	-	DomainNameObj

# Visualization



# Visualization

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# ToDo

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- Improve import/export of OpenIOC, STIX
  - Currently, only limited data can be imported from STIX
  - Import/Export is irreversible
  
- Implement a new feature on incident response timeline
  - Record date/time and events
    - A suspicious file created on the server
    - A suspicious communication performed from the server
  - May be achieved to a certain extent by adding time information to the Relations field
  - Some events may be difficult to fit in Relations
    - Received a malware sample from victim organization
    - Reported analysis results to victim organization

# Thank you for your attention

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- My email address
  - hiroshi.soeda@jpcert.or.jp
- Repository of Hiryu
  - <https://github.com/S03D4-164/Hiryu>
- Incident report notifications
  - info@jpcert.or.jp