

# SOC-CMM MaGMa UCF

*Tools for effective Cyber Defense*

FIRST.ORG TCAMSTERDAM 2019



# About Me

## My CV

- +10 years of experience in information security
- Expertise: security monitoring, security incident response, security architecture and security operations
- Previously: security consultant @AtosConsulting
- Currently: Product Owner Cyber Defense Center @deVolksbank
- Chairman of FI-ISAC SOC/CSIRT workgroup
- Education: Bachelors degree in 2007, Masters degree in 2016
- Owner @Argos CSA

# Security Operations Centers

## Security Operations

- Central point of knowledge & expertise on cyber defense
- Prevent, detect & respond





# Effective vs. Efficient

## Effectiveness

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- **Effective** (*adj.*) –  
*Adequate to accomplish a purpose; producing the intended or expected result.*



## Efficiency

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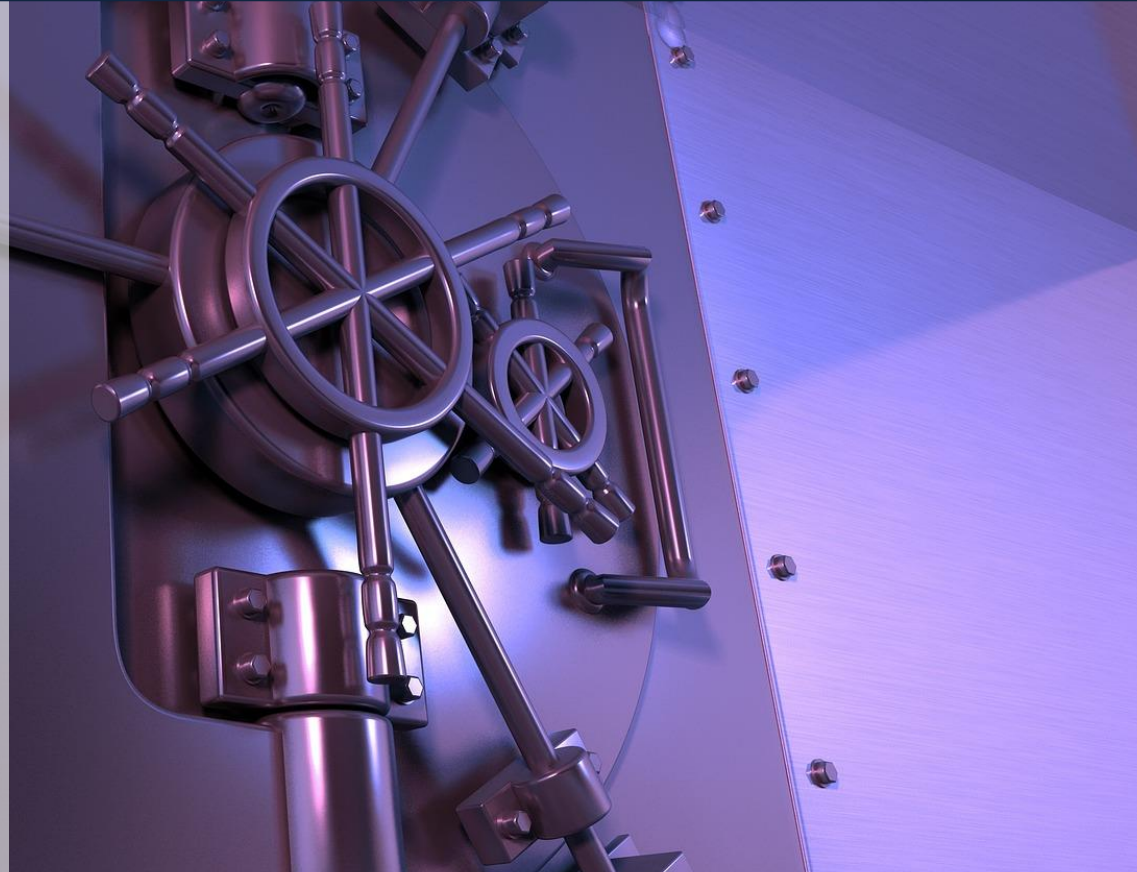
- **Efficient** (*adj.*) –  
*Performing or functioning in the best possible manner with the least waste of time and effort.*

# Effective Cyber Defense

## Definition

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- Effective cyber defense means **controls** are **functioning** as designed, **systems** are **secure** and incidents are followed up directly to **limit** or negate **impact**

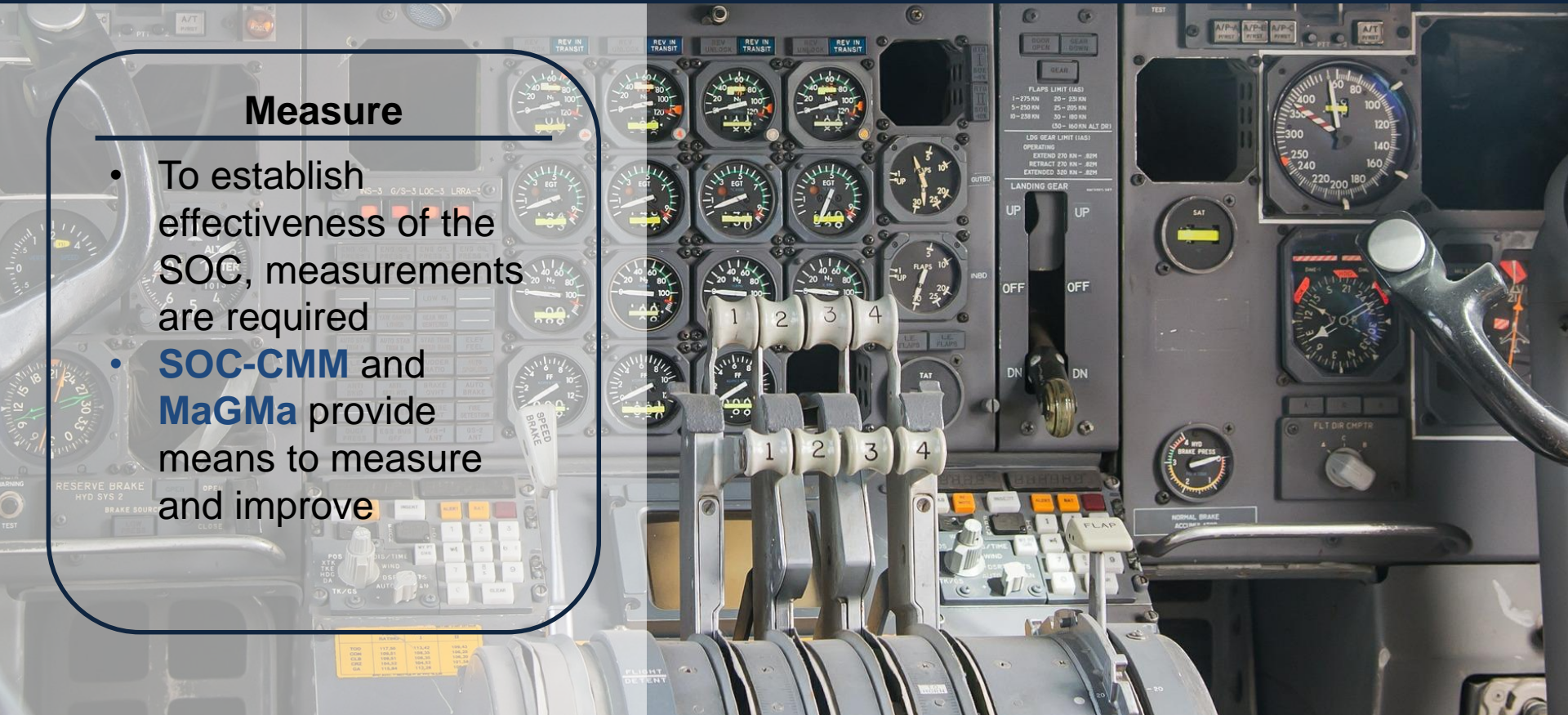




# Measurement & metrics

## Measure

- To establish effectiveness of the SOC, measurements are required
- **SOC-CMM** and **MaGMa** provide means to measure and improve



# SOC-CMM

## **Maturing your SOC**

- Designed to grow and mature your SOC
- Built on scientific research
- Measures capability & maturity
- Can be used to demonstrate ROI to SOC investments





# Creation

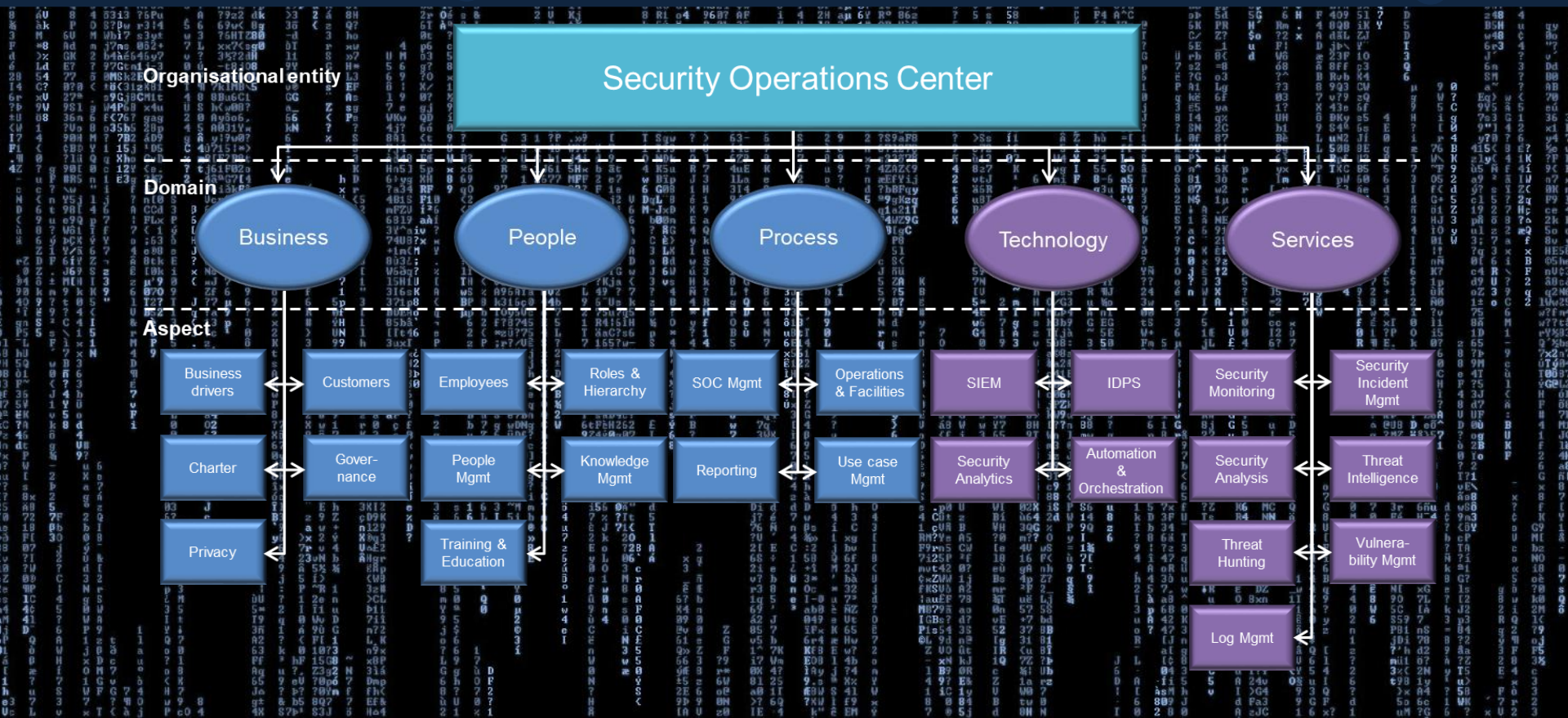
## **Multi-sector research**

- Cooperation with multiple SOCs
- Research focus on usability and diversity
- Model and tool developed

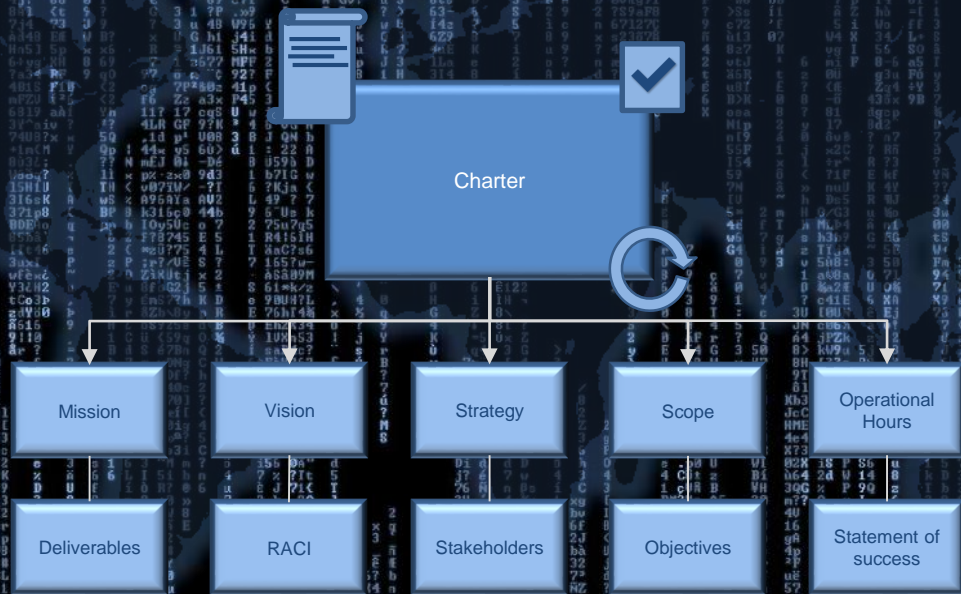




# SOC-CMM Model



# Example - Charter





# Input

## Usage

- 5-point scale for scoring each parameter
- Advanced version also contains weighing feature
- Guidance provided for all maturity questions



# Input (example)

## People

1. Employees

2. Roles and Hierarchy

3. People Management

4. Knowledge Management

5. Training and Education



### 3 People Management

	Answer	Importance	
3.1 Do you have a job rotation plan in place?	Averagely	Normal	A plan covering some roles is in place and operational
3.2 Do you have a career progression process in place?	Partially	Normal	A process covering some roles is in place, but not operational
3.3 Do you have a talent management process in place?	Mostly	Normal	A full process is in place, but not performing effectively
3.4 Do you have team diversity goals?	Fully	Normal	Diversity goals have been formally defined and are met
3.5 Do you perform a periodic evaluation of SOC employees?	Averagely	Normal	Periodic evaluation is perform in a structured fashion
3.6 Do you have a 'new hire' process in place?	Fully	Normal	A formal process covering people, process and technology is in place
3.7 Are all SOC employees subjected to screening?	Fully	Normal	Formal screening procedure and background checks applied structurally
3.8 Do you measure employee satisfaction for improving the SOC?	Sometimes	Normal	Employee satisfaction is measured in an ad-hoc fashion
3.9 Are there regular 1-on-1 meetings between the SOC manager and the employees?	Mostly	Normal	Formal 1-on-1 meetings are regularly held, results are not structured
3.10 Do you perform regular teambuilding exercises?	Sometimes	Normal	Exercises are performed in an ad-hoc fashion

### Comments and/or Remarks

3.11 Specify any comments or remarks you feel are important to this part of the assessment



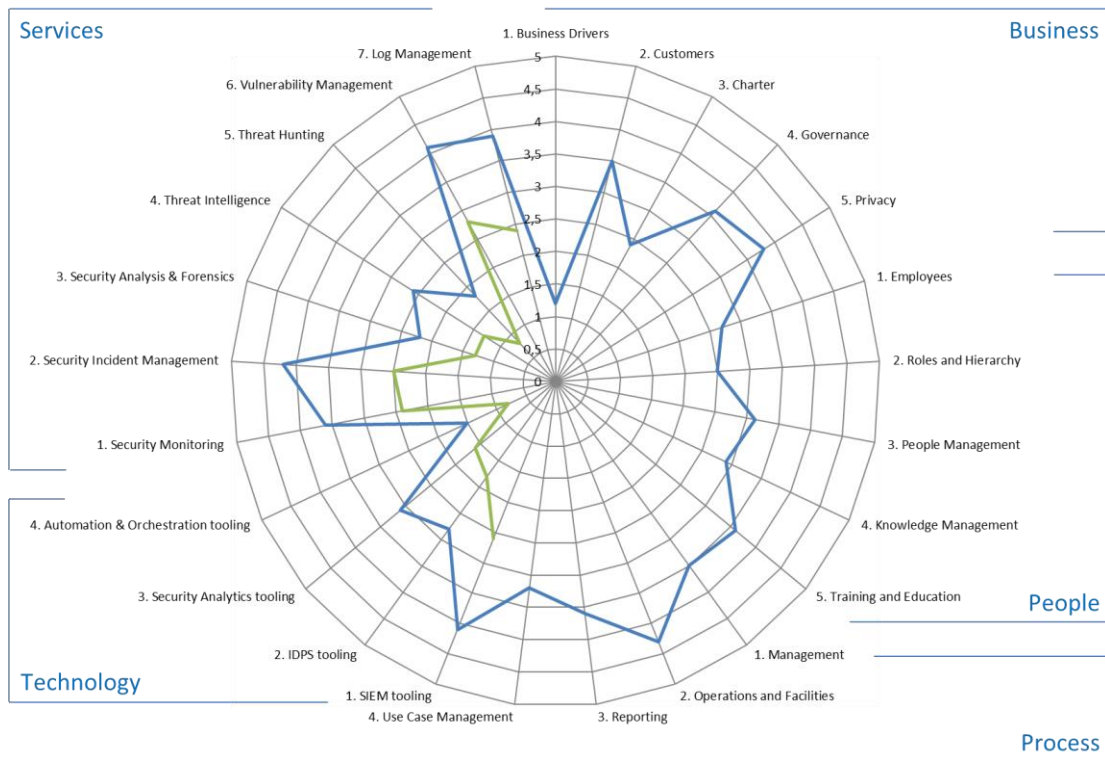
# Output

## **Assessment output**

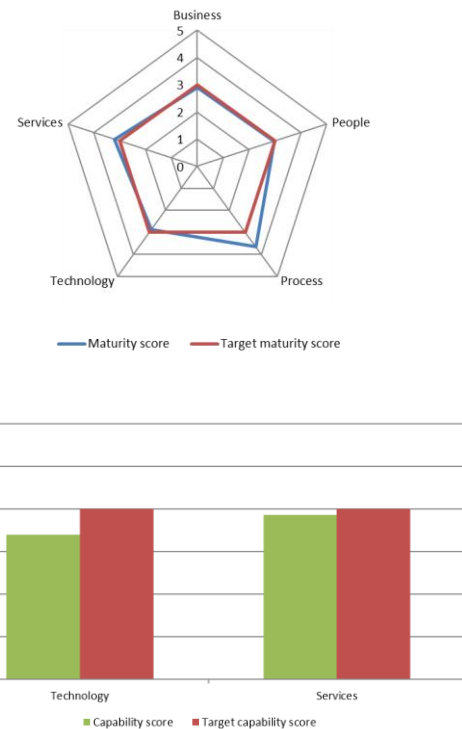
- Detailed maturity & capability scoring
- Maturity & capability scoring per domain
- Results compared to target levels

# Output (example)

## Full maturity & capability scoring



## Aggregated domain scoring





# Alignment

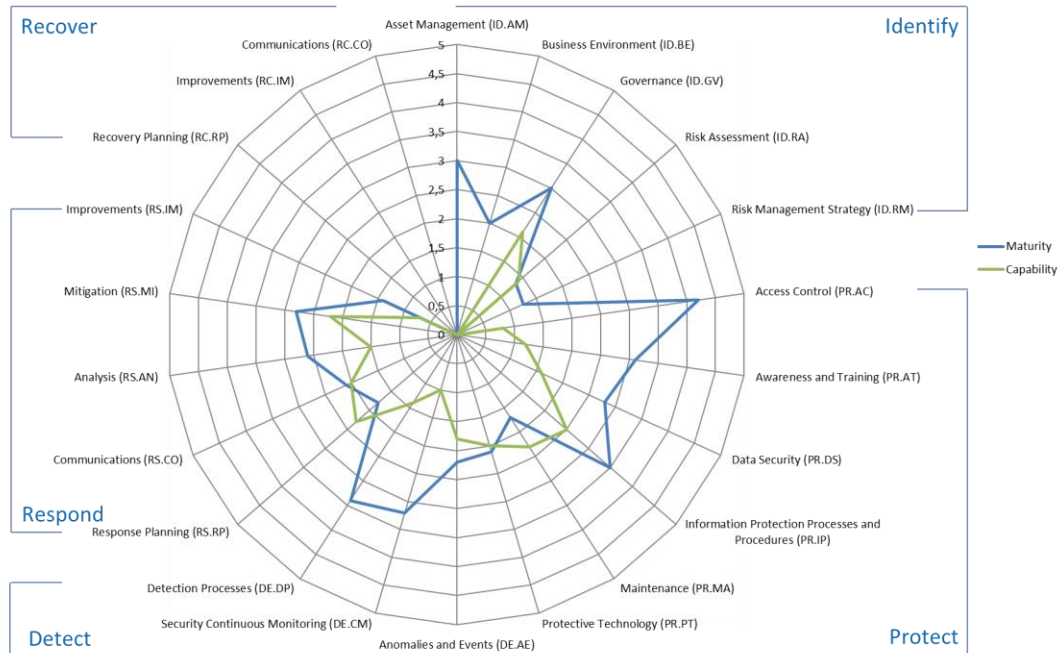
## **NIST alignment**

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- Granular mapping of SOC-CMM to NIST CSF 1.1
- Details available as separate download

# Alignment (example)

Maturity & capability scoring across NIST CSF domains





# SOC-CMM Model

Organisational entity

Security Operations Center

Domain

Business

People

Process

Technology

Services

Aspect

Business drivers

Customers

Employees

Roles & Hierarchy

SOC Mgmt

Operations & Facilities

SIEM

IDPS

Security Monitoring

Security Incident Mgmt

Charter

Governance

People Mgmt

Knowledge Mgmt

Reporting

Use case Mgmt

Security Analytics

Automation & Orchestration

Security Analysis

Threat Intelligence

Privacy

Training & Education

Threat Hunting

Vulnerability Mgmt

Log Mgmt

# Use Case Management

MaGMa



# MaGMa Development

## Creation

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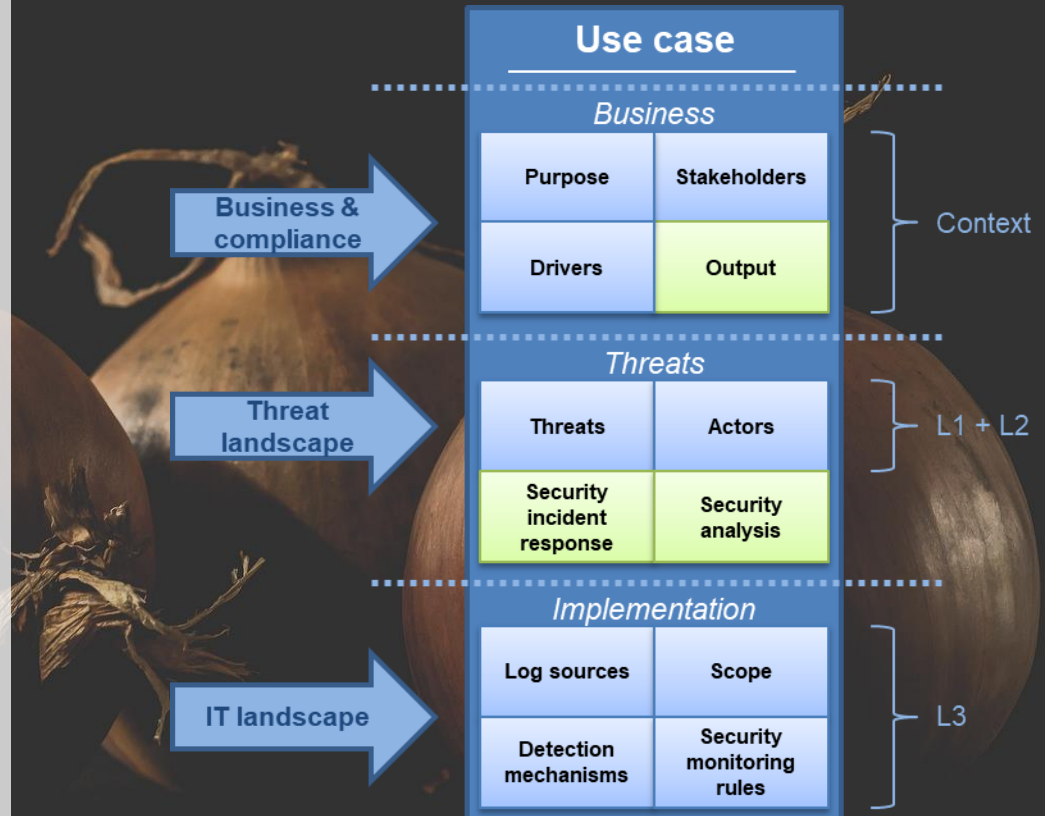
- Created as a joint effort of Dutch banks as standard for use case exchange
- Based on existing ABN AMRO framework



# MaGMa Use Case Model

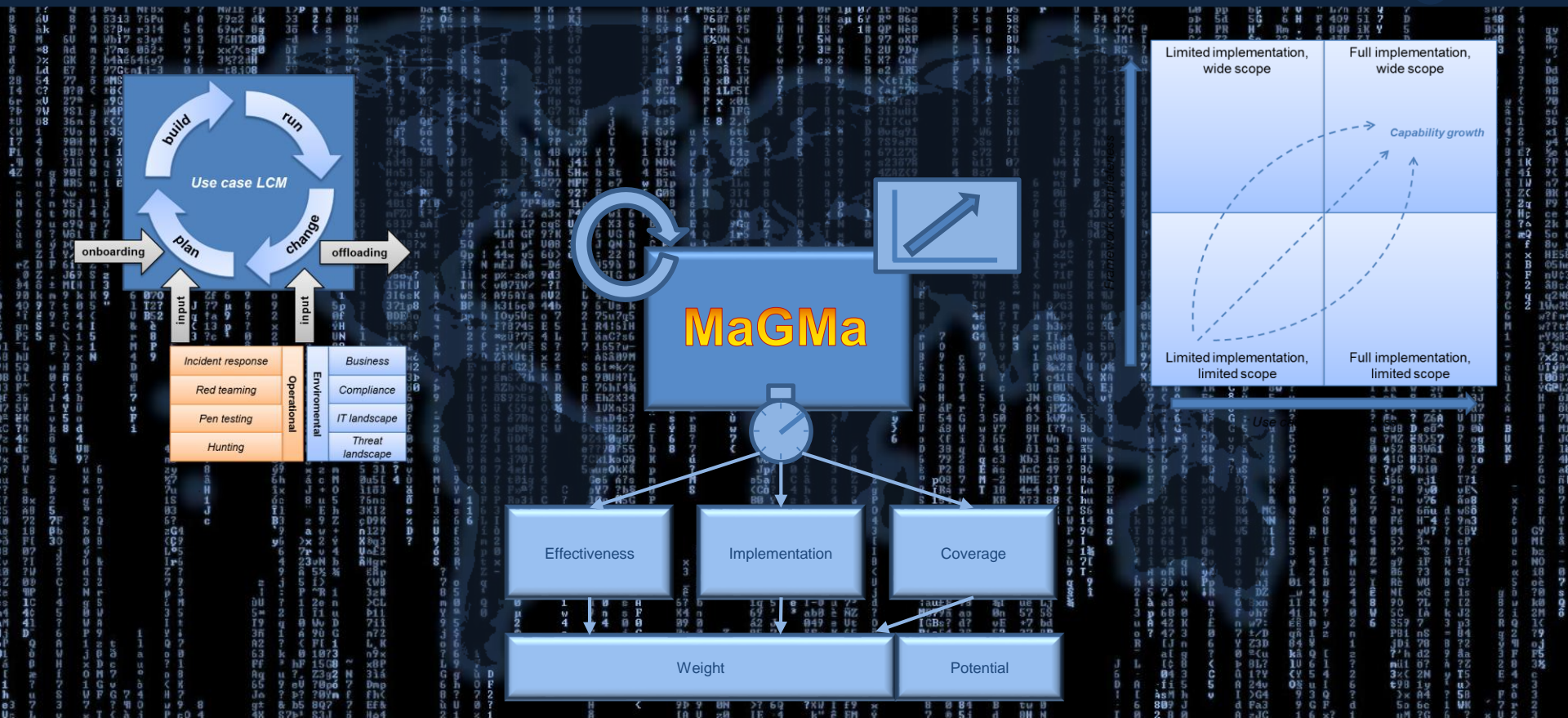
## Layers

- MaGMa use cases have layers
- From high-level risks to low-level implementation
  - L1: Risks
  - L2: Tactics
  - L3: Implementation





# MaGMa



# MaGMa UCF Tool

## Usage

- Supported by the MaGMa UCF tool
- Predefined use cases based on MITRE ATT&CK framework
- Provides a means to structure and measure use cases





# Wrap-up

## Key take-aways

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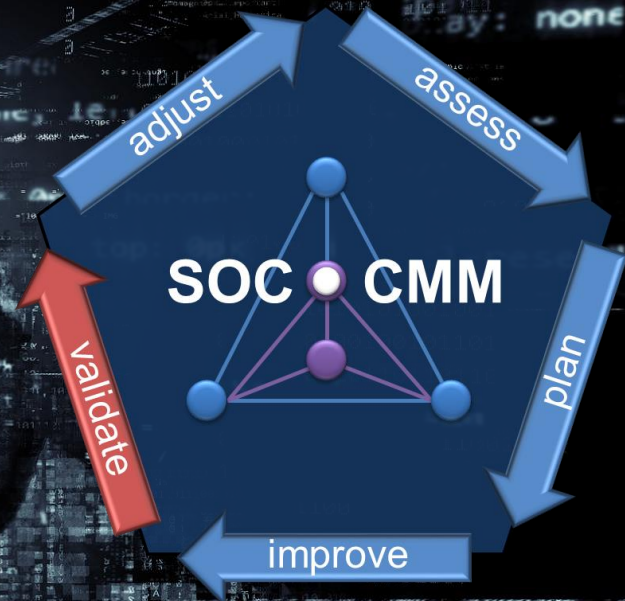
- Increasing SOC effectiveness requires **insight** and **improvement** using **measurement**
- SOC-CMM and MaGMA provide such insight
- Free download / free usage



# Final remark

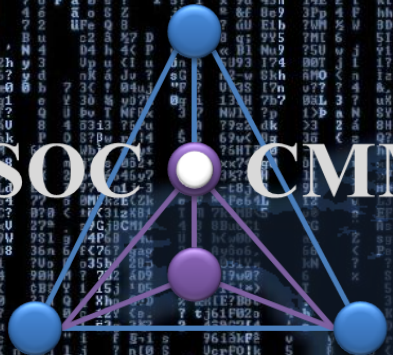
## Validation

- Red team or it didn't happen
- Good scores on paper are great, but how does the team deal with an actual attack?





SOC-CMM



<https://www.soc-cmm.com/>

MaGMa

<https://www.betalvereniging.nl/en/safety/magma/>

Use case framework